

TERMS OF THE NEWS.

THE DAILY NEWS, by mail one year, \$5; six months \$3; three months \$2.50. Served in the city at EIGHTEEN CENTS A WEEK, payable to the carrier, or \$3 a year, paid in advance at the office. TUESDAY NEWS, published on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, one year \$4; six months \$2.50; three months \$1.50.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, one year \$2. Six copies to one address, \$1.50.

Advertisements in all cases payable in advance. Advertisements not published after the expiration of the time paid for.

CASH RATES FOR ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE DAILY NEWS.—First insertion 12 cents a line; subsequent insertions 8 cents a line. Special Notices 12 cents a line. Business Notices (by count) 10 cents a line. Marriage and Funeral Notices 15 cents each. Meetings 15 cents each. Cuts and Electrotype Advertisements will be inserted on the Fourth Page only.

NOTICES OF WANTS, To Rent, Lost and Found, Boarding, &c., not exceeding 20 words, 25 cents each insertion; over 20, and not exceeding 30, 40 cents each insertion; over 30, and not exceeding 40 words, 50 cents each insertion. Advertisements are not, and must invariably be paid in advance.

CONTRACT ADVERTISEMENTS, to run two weeks or longer, for each line of solid nonpareil: 2 weeks 60 cents; 1 month \$1; 2 months \$1.75; 3 months \$2.50; 6 months \$4; 12 months \$7. Larger advertisements in exact proportion.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS will be published in THE DAILY NEWS at the same rates as in THE DAILY NEWS. Contract advertisements at one-half the rates for THE DAILY NEWS.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE WEEKLY NEWS, per line of solid nonpareil, 1 insertion 15 cents; 1 month 50 cents; 3 months \$1; 6 months \$1.75; 12 months \$3.

REMARKS should be made by Postoffice Money Order or by Express. If this cannot be done, payment against losses by mail may be secured by forwarding a draft on Charleston payable to the order of the proprietors of THE NEWS, or by sending the money in a registered letter.

Address: RICHARDSON, DAWSON & CO., No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S.C.

The Charleston News.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1871.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

At 11:41.—Closed in New York, on Saturday.

At 11:41.—Cotton closed quiet in New York; uplands 21 cents; sales 468 bales.

At 11:41.—Liverpool cotton closed firm; uplands 94d, 95d; sales 15,000 bales.

At 11:41.—Black silk stockings and pumps are coming in at New York.

At 11:41.—Hoyle, the apostle of whist under the old dispensation, is said to have died "full of years and of honors."

At 11:41.—John C. Breckinridge is hard at work at his profession in Kentucky. He finds that law pays better than politics.

At 11:41.—Iron ore has been found in Augusta County, Virginia, in sufficient quantity to supply the wants of the State for many years.

At 11:41.—"Gould Nat. Langham," a hero of the English prize ring, who had the reputation of being the only man who ever defeated Tom Sayers, died at London September 1.

At 11:41.—The Prince of Wales, it is asserted in certain English journals, has not read a book since he left college, and declares himself unable to keep awake over the cleverest novel for more than five minutes. The Princess Alexandra, on the contrary, is a constant reader, and follows with interest the literature of the day.

At 11:41.—W. W. Corcoran, having been tendered a complimentary dinner by some citizens of Washington, replies: "My falling vision, superadded to other physical disabilities under which I have for some time labored, will, in conjunction with a multitude of pressing engagements preparatory to my departure in a few days for Europe, necessarily preclude my acceptance of the honor conferred upon me."

At 11:41.—The Petersburg, Va., cotton mills publish a statement showing the financial operations of the establishment for eleven months of the year ending August 31. The net profits shown to be equal to twenty-five per cent. on the capital stock. The company pays a rent equal to two and a half per cent. on its capital stock. The managers believe that no other cotton manufacturing company in the United States can make a showing of profit equal to its own and invites comparison.

At 11:41.—Another clergyman in New York, the Rev. Mason Gallagher, announces his secession from the Episcopal Church, and his adhesion to the broader form of faith set forth in the amended Prayer-book. He occupied the pulpit of the Rev. Mr. Thrall, in that city, on Sunday, the latter gentleman having gone to Chicago to assist Dr. Cooper in the opening of a new Episcopal church in that city, in which the old Prayer-book is to be displaced by the new.

At 11:41.—The Prayer-book schism bids fair to grow. Meanwhile the ecclesiastical dispute between Bishop Whitehouse and Mr. Cheney expands in Chicago, and some folks have begun to talk about the latter as the "heavenly Cheney," which is rather a bad pun.

At 11:41.—The increase in the funded and temporary New York City debt during the two years and a half since Mayor Hall has been in office, according to his answer in the pending injunction suit, is not sixty-three millions, as charged in the complaint, but only forty-four millions. Modest sum! The Tribune asserts that "certain prominent bankers of that city have associated themselves together with the determination to ferret out, on their own account as taxpayers, and also for the benefit of the public, all the property, of whatever nature, in the name of or under the control of the members of the ring, intending to put the whole of the claims into one immense suit, and force the thieves to disgorge their ill-gotten gains."

At 11:41.—Some English astronomers have of late made the planet Mars the object of their unusually careful study and inspection, and, as might be anticipated, with several very interesting and curious results. The oceans are easily distinguished from the continents, the former generally wearing a green-blue tint, while the latter are of a well-marked reddish hue. At times large masses of clouds, or what the observers considered as such, were seen to float over the seas and continents, covering these with a whitish light until after their passage or disappearance, the original colors of the body of the planet became again apparent. By comparing the observations of two different astronomers, taken during the same period, it was found that a certain well-known sea was partially concealed from view by a great cloud-mass spreading over many thousand square miles of its surface. But as the hours passed the clouds seemed to be melting away, whether by the heat of the sun or because they had fallen in rain, it was, of course, impossible to say. Referring these phenomena to the day of the planet, it was ascertained that the clouds had come up in the early forenoon and disappeared about noon. It would also seem from these observations that, as a rule, the mornings and evenings upon Mars are misty, and that, as on earth, winter is more cloudy than summer.

At 11:41.—The tragedy which introduced old John Harper anew to public notice was horrible indeed. While the owner of Longfellow was away with his horse, preparing to wipe out defeat with new victories, his home at Mid-

way, Ky., where the whole family resided, was the scene of a most ghastly slaughter. Jacob Harper, or old Jake, as he was called, was found by the servants in the morning lying with his hands clenched and one foot hanging over the bed, his head frightfully crushed, and his sister Betty still alive, but with the back of her head broken in. They were both very old people, the brother being about eighty and the sister not much younger. The instrument of death was a meat-axe, which was found covered with blood in some bushes in front of the house. In the confusion and excitement there were, of course, innumerable conjectures as to the motive that prompted the commission of this terrible crime, but the supposition most generally accepted is that it was done by negroes who formerly longed to them, and who expected to get the money that the negroes believed it would be made to that effect, and they were tired of waiting for the end to come, naturally. The old people were the only occupants of the house—the servants sleeping in a little frame house some fifty or sixty feet back of the main dwelling. Their economical, almost penurious habits were well known, and the impression was general that they kept their treasure concealed about the house. Against the theory of revenge or spite it was argued that the old people, though very close in all their dealings, were thoroughly fair and honest, and too infirm and inoffensive to engender hatred, and the absence of robbery increased the mystery. Some of the clothes-presses and bureau drawers had been opened and searched, but the places where the family really kept their valuables were overlooked, which could not have been the case with thieves working upon a premeditated plan.

A Protest Against Martial Law.—Mr. Ransier's Letter.

Lieutenant-Governor Ransier has the sagacity to see that Martial Law will not give to South Carolina the lasting peace and security which are the fruits of a well-ordered civil government. A suppression of the State courts, arrests without warrant, long imprisonments, arbitrary fines, would not make it easier for blacks and whites to dwell in harmony together. When the soldiers were removed, whether soon or late, the work of vengeance would undoubtedly begin. The origin of that Ku-Kluxism, which we condemn, both because it is morally wrong and politically inexpedient, lies in the injustice and venality of the State government, the low standard of official honor, and the exclusion of the ablest and most responsible citizens from all offices of trust. In the Legislature, and in the courts, there has been no justice for the white race. The government has been a negro despotism. And the people, impoverished and persecuted, have been tempted to redress their grievances by the summary process which Republican journals recommend to the discontented taxpayers of the great American metropolis.

As we have said a thousand times, Ku-Kluxism will be impossible when South Carolina has an intelligent, honest, economical government. The party name is nothing. A trustworthy Republican official is better for the people than a dishonest Democrat. Let the State officials, high and low, be men whom the whole people can trust, and it matters little what are their politics, or what is the color of their skin. This, we hope, is the objective point of Lieutenant-Governor Ransier's argument. We say to him, and to those whom he represents, that if the Republican party will "hurl from official position those who may be proved to have acted in a manner discreditable to a public officer," they will do more than ten legions can do in restoring tranquility and kindly feeling. We would remind him that nine-tenths of the colored people of South Carolina support themselves by the labor of their hands. They work for wages, and their work and their daily bread cannot be found if the State do not prosper. And the State cannot prosper while it is miserably misgoverned, and is threatened with martial law because a proud people are not inclined to submit without murmuring to an intolerable oppression. The misconduct of the Radical officials is the prime cause of our troubles. The voters who put them in power hold the remedy in their hands. They are responsible, before God and man, for the future of the State.

The National Commercial Convention.

This Convention will meet in the City of Baltimore on Monday, the 25th instant. We presume that the Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade of Charleston, and the Board of Trade of Columbia, will, as usual, send delegates. Governor Scott has appointed the following delegates to represent the State:

Delegates from the State at Large—H. G. Worthington, Esq., General M. C. Butler. First Congressional District—General E. B. C. Cash.

Second Congressional District—William S. Hastie, Esq.

Third Congressional District—Hon. Frank Armin.

Fourth Congressional District—Hon. A. S. Wallace.

The English Labor-Strikes.

Workmen's strikes are now the order of the day in England. The workmen seem to think they are masters of the situation, and that they will be able to dictate their own terms. In this, however, they may be as much disappointed as the man in the fable, who killed the goose to obtain the golden egg. The London Economist is apprehensive as to the permanent injury that may be wrought to the industrial interests of England. These apprehensions are, indeed, well founded; England is gradually losing her hold upon the markets of the world. The Continental Nations of Europe and the United States have been making vast strides in manufacturing enterprise of late years. Every year some new article of American manufacture is pushing its British rival from the Canadian market. In this state of things, if British industry is to be crippled at home by workmen's strikes, its prospect of giving them any further employment will become more gloomy. The English immigration now is beginning to rival the Irish in numbers. If English manufacture breaks down, it will soon take the lead.

Heligoland, Again.

Germany still hankers after Heligoland, notwithstanding the many denials, by authority, of previous reports to that effect. The Leipzig Gazette has a lengthy demand for the "restoration" of the rocky island "withheld" by England in 1815 because Germany was not then united, and was not then "the power of the first order" which it has since become. The Gazette adds that it would not recommend

an immediate declaration of war against England for the possession of the few square feet of ocean rock. It designs, in the first place, that the Reichstag should make known by a unanimous vote that Heligoland was indispensable to Germany, when it doubts not that at the voice of that august assembly the pretensions of England for an "inalienable" portion of the fatherland would be certain to disappear.

"A Blasted Hoax, You Know!"

A gentleman of our acquaintance has just received a letter from a friend, who resides at Dorking, in England, wherein the following interesting passage occurs: "The papers are all 'talking about a battle at this place in which the Prussians gained a great victory over us.' I assure you it is a blasted hoax—a bloody card from beginning to end. I've been living at Dorking all my life, and I ought to know, you know. You must forgive my English bluntness, but I fear you 'newspaper people, like the rest of the world, are much given to lying.' We had our doubts about that battle at the time it was reported, but we have them no longer. The field of Dorking has yet to be lost and won."

Telegraphic.

N O M O N O P O L Y .

LOW RATES AND QUICK DISPATCH.

THE SOUTHERN AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OPENS FOR BUSINESS THIS DAY.

Office corner of East Bay and Broad Streets.

Messages for all points North and Northwest promptly forwarded at reduced rates.

The following schedule of tolls has been adopted:

From Charleston to—

First Ten Words. Each Additional Word.

Columbia, S. C., 40 3 cents

Windsor, S. C., 40 3 cents

Chester, S. C., 40 3 cents

Charlotte, N. C., 50 3 cents

Salisbury, N. C., 50 3 cents

Greensboro, N. C., 50 3 cents

Danville, Va., 50 3 cents

Lynchburg, Va., 75 8 cents

Charlottesville, Va., 75 8 cents

Staunton, Va., \$1.20 8 cents

Gordonsville, Va., 75 8 cents

Kilmadock, Va., 80 8 cents

Petersburg, Va., \$1.00 7 cents

Norfolk, Va., 80 8 cents

Richmond, Va., 1.00 7 cents

Washington, D. C., 1.00 7 cents

Baltimore, Md., 1.20 8 cents

Philadelphia, Pa., 1.20 8 cents

New York, 1.20 8 cents

Night Messages taken at half the day rates.

Office hours: A. M. to 10 P. M. On Sundays from 5 to 10 A. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.

A. J. BALDWIN, General Superintendent

Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Company.

E. LAFITTE, Director for South Carolina.

Financial.

MORTON, BLISS & CO., BANKERS,

No. 30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers; also, Commercial Credit available in all parts of the world.

Telegraphic Transfers of Money made on all parts of Europe.

The accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants received; Interest allowed on Deposits; Advances made on Cotton, Sterling and Domestic Exchange, and approved Securities.

Drafts for \$1 and upwards on the Bank of Scotland, and Provincial Bank of Ireland and Branches.

MORTON, ROSE & CO., Bartholomew House, London.

BANKING HOUSE

OF HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Letters of Credit for Travelers, also Commercial Credits issued, available throughout the world. Bills of Exchange on the Imperial Bank of London, National Bank of Scotland, Provincial Bank of Ireland, and all their branches.

Lafayette and Telegraphic Transfers on Europe, San Francisco, the West Indies, and all parts of the United States.

Deposits accepted received in either Currency or Gold, subject to check at sight, which pass through the Clearing-House as if drawn upon any city bank; four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances; Certificates of Deposit issued; Notes, Drafts and Coupons collected; advances made on approved collateral, and against merchandise consigned to warehouse.

Orders executed for Investment Securities and Railroad Iron.

CLEWS, HABICHT & CO., No. 11 Old Broad Street, London.

Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY.

RISKS TAKEN IN THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Security Insurance Company, of New York, Assets, \$2,000,000

Phoenix Insurance Company, of New York, Assets, 1,900,000

Manhattan Insurance Company, of New York, Assets, 1,400,000

International Insurance Company, of New York, Assets, 1,400,000

North American Fire Insurance Company, of New York, Assets, 800,000

Andes Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Assets, 1,500,000

Total Assets, at cash market valuations, NINE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

S. Y. TUPPER, General Agent, In Planters' and Mechanics' Bank Building, East Bay street.

INSURE

YOUR COTTON, STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE, DWELLINGS, &c., &c., In the following first class Companies:

HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut.

Capital and surplus, \$2,768,900

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut.

Capital and surplus, \$6,047,815

A. H. HAYDEN, Agent, No. 272 King Street.

J. L. HONOR, Sub-Agent, East Bay.

R. B. CARPENTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 72 BROAD STREET, Charleston, S. C.

Will Practice in the State and Federal Courts

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Meetings.

SUMMER RIFLE CLUB.—ATTEND

Regular Meeting, at Hall over Wilson's Grocery, THIS EVENING, 18th inst. at 8 o'clock.

W. M. BRUNS, Secretary and Treasurer.

ST. ANDREW'S LODGE, No. 10, A. F. M.

The Regular Communication of this Lodge will be held THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, over Holmes' Book Store, corner King and West-bay streets. By order W. M. L. P. SPINSEGER, Jr., Secretary.

Wants.

WANTED, A YOUNG MAN ACQUAINTED with the Retail Shoe Business. Apply at No. 131 Meeting street.

WANTED TO INFORM THAT OTO SONSTAG has at the new preparations for DYING AND SOUING of Coats, Pants and Hats, No. 34 Westworth street, near Artesian Well.

IF YOU ARE IN WANT OF A SEWING MACHINE, see first the HOME SHUTTLE, the cheapest and best, at BISSELL, No. 61 Hotel street, opposite Express Office. Price \$25 to \$37.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, FOR CASH, a small HOUSE, containing 6 to 8 rooms, situated either in the centre of the city or near the office of the City Railway, Address X. Y. Z., July 3.

WANTED PURCHASERS OF TICKETS in the Land and Immigration Association of Messrs. BUTLER, CHADWICK, GARY & CO. Tickets now ready. Will be glad to see my friends at the office of Mr. C. CLAGG, corner East Bay and Central Wharf, EBBEN OFFIN, Sub-Agent, may29

WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, a native of Florida, a situation as salesman or clerk in a house of moderate terms, and favorably known throughout East Florida, and can furnish satisfactory testimonials as to character and qualifications. Address J. S. J. News July 1

WANTED, BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, steady and trustworthy colored man, a situation, either as coachman, groom or porter. Has had experience and can furnish the very best recommendations. A note addressed to "Coachman" at the office of THE NEWS, will secure prompt attention. July 28

TO RENT.

AN OFFICE TO RENT FROM OCTOBER 1st, situated over Messrs. Cohen, Hanel & Co., No. 45 East Bay. Apply to J. L. SHEP-PARD.

Boarding.

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms, on moderate terms, by applying at No. 12 Westworth street. DAY BOARDING also furnished. may16

Removals.

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAS removed his Office from Accommodation Wharf to North Atlantic Wharf, in office formerly occupied by Mr. D. McPherson.

WM. GURNEY, Factor and Commission Merchant.

NACHMAN & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, &c.

Have removed their STOCK for this season only to FLORENCE, S. C., where they will be happy to see their friends and customers. sept1

Business Cards.

H. ROSEBROCK, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 492 KING STREET.

Takes the liberty of informing his friends and customers that he has a handsome assortment of CLOTHES, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, VEST PATTERNS, &c., and is ready to Manufacture Gent's Clothing as cheap and as good as any Tailoring establishment in town.

Friends and customers are requested to call early. sept18-*

WITTE BROTHERS, FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6 ACCOMMODATION WHARF, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Will make liberal advances on consignments to them or their friends in New York and Liverpool. Will also pay strict attention to the filing of all orders for Plantation and Family Supplies.

GEORGE W. WITTE, ARMIN F. WITTE, sept1-mw3mos

WE LIVE AND LEARN, DYE AND FORGET ALL.

THE SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE, No. 359 KING STREET.

Dyes and Cleans, by means of steam, Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Children's Clothes. Fine Laces and Lace Curtains cleaned and done up with the Soft or Manufacturers' Finish; Lace and Cape Shawls and Kid Gloves Cleaned and Dyed.

Goods received and returned by Express. J. BILLER, Proprietor.

Newspapers, Magazines, &c.

THE BARNWELL SENTINEL.—ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

Reaches every Fireside, and is read by every Merchant, Practitioner, and Business man in the County. It is not the paper to advertise in! sept1-2mos

A GOOD ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

THE MOUNTAINEER, GREENVILLE, S. C.

Has the largest retail circulation of any paper in that section. Subscription price \$1 a year. G. E. ELFOORD, Editor and Proprietor. G. E. WELLS, Associate Editor.

THE MARION STAR, ESTABLISHED OVER TWENTY YEARS AGO.

The oldest and most popular Paper in the Pee Dee section.

To the Charleston Advertiser THE STAR offers special inducements. It is admitted that our circulation is the largest by far of any paper in Eastern Carolina.

THE STAR circulates extensively in the two Carolinas, and numbers many subscribers in other States.

Terms Liberal. Address: MCKERRALL & STEPMAN, Editors, Marion Courthouse, S. C.

RURAL CAROLINIAN. SEPTEMBER NUMBER NOW READY.

Among the Contents are: CLOVER! CLOVER! By D. Wyatt Allen. Themes Practically Applied. By Plough and Hoe. Devon Cattle for the South. Strawberries. By J. P. H. Brown. How the Factory Helps the Farm.

Price—Single number, 25 cents. Per annum, \$2.50

For sale by WALKER, EVANS & COGSWELL, Publishers, No. 3 Broad street.

AND BY BOOKSELLERS EVERYWHERE.

Agencies.

CHARLESTON ADVERTISING AGENCY, CORNER BROAD STREET AND EAST BAY.

may22

ADVERTISEMENTS taken at publishers' lowest cash rates for ALL PAPERS in the United States.

WALKER, EVANS & COGSWELL.

RECEIVED.

Pendleton's Panacea, or Vegetable Pain Extract. Also, a fresh supply of SEAL OLEUM, the great remedy for Rheumatism.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by Dr. H. BAER, No. 131 Meeting street.

may30

For Sale.

FOR SALE, PRIME SHINGLES, AT No. 1 Vendue Range. PRITCHARD & HAIG, sept1-3

FOR SALE, SEVERAL SEWING MACHINES, of good quality, which are offered cheap. Call at 27 Queen street, between Meeting and Church streets. feb1

WRAPPING PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD NEWSPAPERS in large or small quantities. Price 50 CENTS PER HUNDRED. Apply at the office of THE NEWS.